SNM GLOBAL HOLDINGS
BALANCE SHEETS
UNAUDITED

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	$ 9,300	$ -
Total current assets	9,300	-
Total assets	$ 9,300	$ -
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	$ 58,325	$ -
Accrued compensation	-	303,897
Notes payable	20,000	721,140
Total current liabilities	78,325	1,025,037
Commitments and Contingencies	-	-
Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)		
Preferred stock, $.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized and 10,000 shares issued and outstanding	$ 10	$ 10
Common stock, $.001 par value, 4,000,000,000 shares authorized and 1,129,211,730 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	1,129,212	1,129,212
Additional paid in capital	3,668,669	2,643,632
Accumulated deficit	(4,866,916)	(4,797,891)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(69,025)	(1,025,037)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	$ 9,300	$ -

SNM GLOBAL HOLDINGS
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
UNAUDITED

	For the Years Ended	
	December 31, 2015	**December 31, 2014**
Revenue		
Net revenue	$ -	$ -
Expenses		
Professional Fees	58,025	-
General and administrative	11,000	2,028
Total operating expenses	69,025	2,028
Loss from operations	(69,025)	(2,028)
Other Expenses		
Interest expense		(26,389)
Net loss	$ (69,025)	$ (28,417)
Net loss per share - basic and diluted	$ (0.00)	$ (0.00)
Weighted average shares outstanding	3,149,211,730	3,149,211,730

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SNM GLOBABL HOLDINGS
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
UNAUDITED

	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid	Accumulated	Total Stockholders'
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	in Capital	Deficit	Equity (Deficit)
Balance December 31, 2013	10,000	$ 10	1,129,211,730	$ 1,129,212	$ 2,643,632	$ (4,769,474)	$ (996,620)
Net loss						(28,417)	(28,417)
Balance December 31, 2014	10,000	10	**1,129,211,730**	**$ 1,129,212**	**$ 2,643,632**	**$ (4,797,891)**	**$ (1,025,037)**

SNM GLOBAL HOLDINGS
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
UNAUDITED

	For the Years Ended	
	December 31, 2015	**December 31, 2014**
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net loss	$ (69,025)	$ (28,417)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Accrued interest	-	26,389
Change in accounts payable	58,325	2,028
Net cash used in operating activities	(10,700)	-
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from shareholder advances	20,000	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	-	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	20,000	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	9,300	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	$ 9,300	$ -
Supplementary Disclosures of Cash Flow Information		
Cash paid for income taxes	$ -	$ -
Cash paid for interest	$ -	$ -
Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities		
Forgiveness of related party notes payable and accrued interest	$ 721,140	$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SNM GLOBAL HOLDINGS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. GENERAL ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

SNM Global Holdings began as the surviving entity of a merger between Cinemaya Media Group, Inc. and Caltas Fitness, Inc. in January 2007. For the period from late 2007 through August 2008 the Company pursued business opportunities in the media and entertainment industry.

After a change of control was effected in August 2008, the Company focused on developing a platform of partnerships to promote and sponsor mixed martial arts events and other entertainment opportunities.

From April 2010 through February 2012, the then control group developed a business plan to pursue opportunities in the alternative energy industry. After failing to achieve success in the energy business, a controlling group of shareholders began exploring additional other opportunities in the entertainment industry in June 2013. From June 2013 through September 2015, the Company was not successful in securing entertainment content.

In September 2015, through a private transaction between individuals, inclusive of the exchange of the 10,000,000 shares of outstanding preferred stock, all of the previously outstanding notes payable and accrued expenses were treated as forgiven. As of December 31, 2015, the Company's current management and Board of Directors performed various searches and other legal diligence procedures to verify the validity of the previously recognized and outstanding obligations. The Company believes these diligence procedures meet the circumstances allowing for reliance on Rule 409 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("'33 Act"). Under Rule 409, the Company believes the elimination and exclusion of the previously recognized obligation is appropriate based on the underlying detailed information being unknown and not reasonably available because of unreasonable effort and expense would be involved to obtain the information.

Since 2015, the Company has focused on building a management team to launch an entertainment and media holding company in the business of acquiring and developing a variety of businesses related to film, beverages and other lifestyle sectors.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in banks and financial instruments which mature within three months of the date of purchase. As of December 31, 2015 the Company's cash is held-in-trust by its securities attorney. As of December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 the Company did not have any cash equivalents.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Loss per Share

The Company computes and presents net loss per share on basic and applicable diluted basis on the face of the income statement. Basic loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted per share amounts gives effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period under the treasury stock method using the if-converted method. The Company does not currently have any instruments issued and outstanding that are potentially dilutive since it has incurred losses in all of the periods presented.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount that could be received upon the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Financial assets are marked to bid prices and financial liabilities are marked to offer prices. The fair value should be calculated based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, not on assumptions specific to the entity. In addition, the fair value of liabilities should include consideration of non-performance risk, including the party's own credit risk.

Fair value measurements do not include transaction costs. A fair value hierarchy is used to prioritize the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The fair value hierarchy is defined into the following three categories:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

Income Taxes

The Company recognizes deferred tax liabilities and assets using the liability method. Under this method, deferred tax liabilities and assets are determined based on the temporary differences between the financial statements carrying values and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect in the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. In determining the future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the financial statements or tax returns, judgment and interpretation of statutes is required. Judgments and interpretation of statutes are inherent in this process. Future income tax assets are recorded in the financial statements if realization is considered more likely than not.

For previously taken tax positions considered to be uncertain, the Company prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute. In the event certain tax positions do not meet the appropriate recognition threshold, de-recognition of income tax assets and liabilities, classification of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, and accounting for interest and penalties associated with tax positions is required.

The Company has experienced multiple changes of control since its inception. The Company has not completed a thorough analysis of its potential deferred tax assets or liabilities, and any resulting limitations on items including net operating loss carryforwards, previously recognized credits, or other potentially unrecognized tax positions. As of December 31, 2015, any expected deferred tax assets have a valuation allowance since the Company cannot conclude it is more likely than not they will be realized before expiration.

Stock Based Compensation

The Company has on occasion issued equity and equity linked instruments to employees and non-employees in lieu of cash to various vendors for the receipt of goods and services and, in certain circumstances the settlement of short-term loan arrangements. The applicable GAAP establishes that share-based payment transactions with employees and non-employees shall be measured at the fair value of the consideration received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, whichever is more reliably measurable.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

The Company has reviewed recently issued accounting pronouncements and does not expect any to have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

NOTE 3. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. Since inception, the Company has not sustained any material revenue generating operations, correspondingly, has incurred significant losses. The Company currently relies on shareholder advances to fund its operations, however, there is no firm commitment to do so going forward.

These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financials do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or amounts and classification of liabilities that might result from this uncertainty. The Company needs to raise additional funds to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 4. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred Stock

As of December 31, 2015, the Company had 10,000 shares of Series A Preferred stock issued and outstanding. The preferred stock represents cumulative voting rights of 50.1% of the Company, regardless of any other dilutive issuances of other equity instruments.

In September 2015, our current control group, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chairman obtain all of the 10,000 outstanding shares of preferred stock. As part of the transaction, all of the previously outstanding notes payable and accrued expenses were treated as forgiven. In furtherance of this treatment, the Company's current management and Board of Directors performed various searches and other legal diligence procedures to verify the validity of the previously recognized and outstanding obligations. The Company believes these diligence procedures meet the circumstances allowing for reliance on Rule 409 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("'33 Act"). Under Rule 409, the Company believes the elimination and exclusion of the previously recognized obligation is appropriate based on the underlying detailed information being unknown and not reasonably available because of unreasonable effort and expense would be involved to obtain the information.

Common Stock

As of December 31, 2015, the Company recognized a total of 1,129,211,730 shares issued and outstanding. For the periods presented, the Company did not issue any additional shares of common.

Upon consummating the change in control transaction in September 2015, the Company commenced certain diligence procedures to determine the validity of stock issuances totaling 2,020,000,000 shares of common stock. As of the date of this filing, the Company has been unable to determine the existence of these shareholders, correspondingly, these shares have not been included in the accompanying balance sheet presentation of shares issued and outstanding.

NOTE 5. NOTE PAYABLE

Subsequent to the change in control in September 2015, the Company issued a note payable to an investor for cash proceeds totaling $20,000. The Company expects the note to convert into common stock in subsequent periods in conjunction, and on similar terms, with any applicable private placements of common stock.

NOTE 6. INCOME TAXES

The Company provides for income taxes using an asset and liability approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded based on the temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities and the tax rates in effect currently.

The Company recognizes reductions in its deferred tax assets by a valuation allowance if, based on the weight of available evidence, it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. In the Company's opinion, it is uncertain whether they will generate sufficient taxable income in the future to fully utilize the net deferred tax asset. Accordingly, a valuation allowance equal to the deferred tax asset has been recorded. The Company's deferred tax assets by period are as follows:

As of December 31, 2015, the Company had not performed a full review of the availability of its net operating loss carryforwards based on its changes in control and potential limitations. The Company does not believe that it has any uncertain tax positions, correspondingly, no estimated accruals for interest and penalties have been made in the accompanying financial statements.

The Company's tax returns currently subject to audit by the Internal Revenue Service are for the periods ended December 31, 2013 through the present.

NOTE 7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Through the date of the report, the Company issued additional notes payable for total cash proceeds totaling $51,000 to be used for working capital requirements.

The Company evaluated its subsequent events through May 31, 2016, the date through which the financial statements were available to be issued.